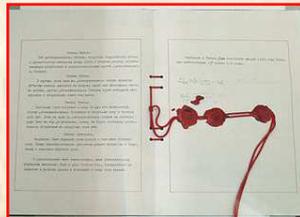
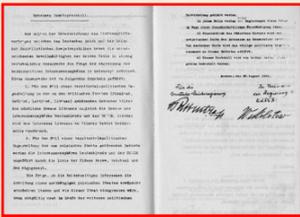


## 10. Non-aggression pacts



**Attack:** -  
**Defense:** -  
**Move:** -  
**Cost:** -  
**Maximum on game board:** -  
**Enter game from:** see below

### German-Soviet pact:

*Before the outbreak of World War II Germany and the Soviet Union signed a non-aggression pact. This pact ended on 22<sup>nd</sup> June 1941, when Germany launched Operation Barbarossa.*

The first time Germany or Italy attacks the Soviet Union the Russian player receives 9 IPC from the bank.

These IPC may be used to purchase units – these units may be placed on the game board after the German *Combat Movement* phase before any combat is resolved – in any Soviet controlled territory, which is not under attack.

Russia may also save some or all these IPC for later use and spend them on equal terms as other IPC.

### Note:

The Soviet player is restricted to only 1 counter attack against the attacker in the first round after receiving the 9 IPC.

### Exception:

If the Soviet Union declares War on or attacks Germany or Italy first, then Russia doesn't get these 9 IPC.



### Japanese-Soviet pact:

*In April 1941 Japan and Russia signed a non-aggression pact – this pact lasted until 1945, when the USSR attacked Japanese troops in Manchuria.*

During the first and second round of play (*Early 1940 and Late 1940*) Russia and Japan can attack each other according to the rules in the original G40 rulebook.

In that case there will be no Non-aggression pact and this rule is therefore ignored.

If none of these two Nations attack each other – or take other aggressive steps according to the original G40 rulebook – then the Non-aggression pact is active from round *Early 1941* (round 3).

From the third round – *Early 1941* – the first Nation to violate the Non-aggression pact must pay an IPC penalty to the bank.

The Nation that is violated receives an equivalent number of IPC from the bank.

### Japan:

The rule only concerns all original Soviet territories.

### Russia:

If Russia moves any units into any Chinese territories it is also considered a violation of the Japanese-Soviet pact with the same economic consequences.

### Note 1:

The number of IPC involved from round *Early 1941* is 8 IPC – and is gradually decreasing by 1 IPC in each round.

### Example 1:

Russia attacks Korea in round *Late 1941* – and must pay 7 IPC to the bank.  
Japan equally receives 7 IPC from the bank.

### Example 2:

Japan attacks Novosibirsk in round *Late 1943* (round 8) – and must pay 3 IPC to the bank.  
Russia equally receives 3 IPC from the bank.

### Example 3:

From round *Early 1945* the Non-aggression pact is no longer valid – and both Nations are no longer hampered by any restrictions in this matter.

### Note 2:

The IPC granted to the violated Nation can be spend on the same terms as with the German-Soviet pact.

**Note 3:**

If Russia has units in for example *India* and Japanese troops attack *India* this has no effect on the Japanese-Soviet pact.

**Note 4:**

If the Non-aggression pact is active, then the Mongolian-Russian rule from the original G40 rulebook is eliminated.

